	School Impro	ovement Plan — Numeracy		
Standardised test data was collated and analysed for Mathematics using Drumcondra CD.  Questionnaires were administered to all parents to ascertain attitudes to maths, strengths and weaknesses in maths and parent. knowledge and input.  Questionnaires were administered to all pupils from 1st class upwards.  Teachers conducted a review of all aspects of maths in the classroom under working well, needs attention and worth trying These reviews were discussed at a meeting during Croke Park hours. This data was gathered during Term 3 of 2012.  The information and findings were collated in Term 1 of school year 2013/214.				
Targets	<ul> <li>π To develop a cohesive whole-school plan to the teaching of Problem Solving.</li> <li>π To create a culture and practice of mathematical problem solving, correct use of maths language and an ability to self-assess independently in all classes.</li> <li>π To improve communication with parents with regard to their child and maths.</li> </ul>			
Summary of main areas requiring improvements	Year One: Resourcing Year One: Familiarisation Year One: Methodologies Year Two: Language Year Two: Modelling/Attitudes Year Two: Assessment Year Three: Differentiation Year Three: Review			
YEAR ONE 2013-2014				
Improvement Targets	Required Actions	Who?	When?	Resources?
	Audit to be carried out of existing	• All class teachers.	• November	PDST suggested resource

Resourcing	maths resources in each classroom.	Γ	2013	list
	A copy of this audit will be given			• Catalogues
	to all teachers.			• PDST manuals
				• Wishlists from teachers
	A Maths resources wishlist to be			<ul> <li>Notes from courses attended</li> </ul>
	created by each class level to		<ul> <li>November</li> </ul>	on numeracy.
	encourage the teaching of numeracy		2013	
	in a concrete form.			
	A bank of resources to be ordered  (an angle of any local for the		<ul> <li>Fnd of Dec</li> </ul>	
	for each class level based on the wishlist and budget.		<ul> <li>End of Dec</li> <li>2013</li> </ul>	
	wishust una baaget.		2013	
	PDST manuals based on the			
	strands of; Fractions, Place Value			
	and Shape and Space to be printed	<ul> <li>Secretary</li> </ul>	• Jan 2014	
	and distributed to each class level			
	to encourage the use of new and			
	existing resources.			
	Teachers to use Whole School	• All class and support	• Jan-March	• Whole School Plan available
Familiarisation	Maths plan, class long term plans	teachers	2014	on website and in Teachers'
	and PDST manuals to create			Folders
	glance cards for each class level.			• PDST Manuals
				Personal Planning Folders
	• These glance cards will be binded			Planet Maths Teachers'
	and displayed in teachers files for	Class Teachers		Resource Folders
	use during maths lessons and			

	planning times. They will encourage all teachers to adhere to and be familiar with the topics, language and assessment for their class level.  Establish a Problem Solving Display every term to which oral maths will be drawn from.	• Class Teachers	Each term commencing Jan 2014.
Methodologies	<ul> <li>Focus on the Problem Solving Methodology of Concrete – Pictorial – Abstract.</li> </ul>	All class and support teachers	• 2013-2016
	• Continuous Professional  Development to be encouraged  through Croke Park time.	• All class and support teachers	• 2013-2016
	• A copy of each of the three existing PDST manuals to be distributed from 1st to 6th class levels and stored in classrooms.	<ul> <li>Secretary to distribute and ensure the class groupings have a copy each.</li> </ul>	
	• Explore the idea of maths trails using the environment at least once a term.	• Class Teacher with pupils.	• Termly commencing in

			Sept 2014	
УЕЯК 2 2014-2015 Improvement Targets	Required Actions	Who?	When?	Resources?
Language	• Create Maths language glance card that will run from Junior Infants to 6 <sup>th</sup> class.	• Class Teachers	• Sept 2014	These to be displayed in Teachers file and in the Whole School Maths Plan.
	• Throughout lessons ensure that the correct language in being used.		• 2014-2016	Problem Solving Books
	• Source Problems that use a variety of different maths terms so that the children will come to know the different ways to solve a problem.	• Class Teachers & Support teachers	• Sept 2014- 2016	
	• Introduce the concept of RUDE: read, underline, draw and evaluate.			
	• Poster to be displayed in every classroom.			
	Teachers will attend any courses	• All class and support	• 2013-2016	Whiteboards

Modelling/	offered by the Education Centre in	teachers		
Attitudes	relation to Numeracy esp courses in			Problem Solving Books
	Problem Solving.			
	Model the concept of RUDE daily			Numbers Fans/Target boards
	on the board.	• All class and support	• 2014-2016	
		teachers		
	• Teachers will assign 10 minutes			
	daily to oral maths in relation to	• All class and support	• 2014-2016	
	problem solving. The problems will be called out and children will	teachers		
	answer using a number fan or their			
	copies. Thereafter, the problem will			
	be discussed by whole class and			
	drawn on the board to promote			
	further learning and interaction.			
	• Problem Friday: The children on a			
	Friday will have 30 mins to do			
	some problem based questions.			
	Either individually, pairwork or	• All Class Teachers	• Weekly	
	teamwork.		commencing	
			Sept 2014	
	Meaningful feedback will be recorded in the children's			
	copies/books.			
	copus, soong.			
	• Positive feedback is reinforced,			

	children's efforts relative to all ability levels and will be acknowledged through the Star Chart.  • The children in the senior room will create Maths Trails for the children in the junior room to give a sense of purpose and achievement to each child designing and creating the trails.	<ul> <li>All Teachers</li> <li>All Teachers</li> </ul>	Sept 2014  Sept 2014
		• All children in the senior room	Jan 2015
Assessment	• The children will be given termly tests including a problem solving section. These tests will be analysed to see if the concepts are being understood clearly.	• Class Teachers	Each term commencing Sept 2014.
	<ul> <li>Children will engage in self assessment, which will allow teachers to address the concerns of children with less</li> </ul>	• Children themselves	This will commence Nov 2014.

	positive dispositions towards maths. {Traffic Lights, Smiley Faces, Where in the tree etc}		
	Juces, where it the tree etc)		
Monitor & Review	<ul> <li>π Teacher observation is a key tool which will be used in monitoring the progress of the numeracy strategy. Key observations will be noted and discussed at whole staff level during CPD time and staff meetings.</li> <li>π Personal reflection section on the cuntas míosúils will be used to gauge feedback from class and support teachers.</li> <li>π Specific time will be allocated to the discussion and progress of the numeracy programme during In School Management meetings, Staff meetings and planning times.</li> </ul>		
	π Continuing professional development will be sought and staff encouraged to attend, to further develop teacher knowledge and skills and to disseminate best practice.  π Parental feedback will be sought at parent/teacher meetings.		
	<ul> <li>π Standardised Drumcondras will be administered in the 3<sup>rd</sup> term from 1<sup>st</sup> class upwards and results will be analysed to further develop the numeracy plan. Pupils' scores will be tracked over the three years to identify areas of need and patterns.</li> <li>π Parents will be re-surveyed in June 2015.</li> <li>π Children will be re-surveyed in June 2015.</li> </ul>		
	$\pi$ Meaningful recording will be evidenced within books/copy books. $\pi$ Self assessment will be evident in copies/books.		
Success Criteria/Evaluation	$\pi$ Teacher Observations will be noted and collated. $\pi$ Class conferencing between teachers and pupils to gauge their ability to self assess and provide feedback. $\pi$ Review of children's assessments, work samples, maths trails and projects.		

	Strengths		Concerns
π	84% of children like Maths (Parent Questionnaire)	π	Maths language and problem solving are areas of concern for parents
π	84% of parents believe that the Maths being taught to their children is pitched at the	π	46% of children require help to complete their maths homework.

correct level.

- $\pi$  68% of parents believe that they get good information from the school about their child's maths progress.
- $\pi$  In the moths standardized tests the average school score is above 65<sup>th</sup> percentile, where the national norm is at the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile.
- $\pi$  Every class average of standard scores was above the national average in the Drumcondra Maths Test.
- $\pi$  There is no child of the school population below the  $10^{\text{th}}$  percentile.
- $\pi$  Maths rich environments.
- $\pi$  Active learning methodologies used often.
- $\pi$  A broad range of assessment tools are being used.
- $\pi$  Early interventions using Drumcondra Early Numeracy
- $\pi$  Modelling of language particularly when problem-solving
- $\pi$   $\;\;$  Use of acronyms to attempt problems: ROSE
- π Maths games
- π Maths week activities
- $\pi$  Mental maths is given a specific time slot
- $\pi$  Use of the Ready Set Go Maths Programme in junior classes in conjunction with Planet Maths.
- $\pi$   $\,$  A collaborative approach between class teachers and support teachers is ensured.
- $\pi$  Pupils estimate well in the Measures strand unit.
- $\pi$  Lots of extension work available for gifted pupils.

- $\pi$  Strategies are laid out in the school plan but not adhered to.
- $\pi$  Children are not involved in their own assessment of learning and for learning
- $\pi$  Overuse of teacher correction.
- $\pi$  Differentiation especially for children with learning difficulties
- $\pi$  Differentiation of homework, taking into account the range of abilities within a class.
- $\pi$  Resources; are bottom heavy in the school with an over-emphasis on equipping the junior classes.
- $\pi$  There is no specific set of resources in each classroom at all times
- $\pi$  Opportunities are not always granted to children to explain how they got the answer to a problem, discuss alternative ways of approaching a problem or giving oral descriptions of group solutions.
- $\pi$  There is not an equal emphasis placed on all strands.
- $\boldsymbol{\pi}$   $\;$  There is no common approach to the teaching of tables.
- $\pi$  There is a shortage of interventions in senior classes for children who are struggling.
- $\pi$   $\;$  ICT is underused to support teaching and learning.
- $\pi$  Lack of perceptual counting
- $\pi$  Maths Trails are never devised or used in the school.